

# The embeddings of Jawerth and Franke for Besov and Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponents

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New perspectives in the theory of function spaces and their applications

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<sup>1</sup>joint work with H. Kempka and J. Vybíral

## 1. Introduction

## 2. Function spaces with variable exponents

Variable Lebesgue space

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## 3. Franke-Jawerth embeddings

Auxiliar results

Main results

## 4. References

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## Theorem - Sobolev embeddings

Let  $-\infty < s_1 < s_0 < \infty$  and  $0 < p_0 < p_1 \leq \infty$  with  $s_0 - \frac{n}{p_0} = s_1 - \frac{n}{p_1}$ .

(i) If  $0 < q_0 \leq q_1 \leq \infty$ , then

$$B_{p_0, q_0}^{s_0}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow B_{p_1, q_1}^{s_1}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

(ii) If  $0 < q_0, q_1 \leq \infty$  and  $p_1 < \infty$ , then

$$F_{p_0, q_0}^{s_0}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow F_{p_1, q_1}^{s_1}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

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⇒ These results are not optimal!

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### Class of variable exponents

- ▶  $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^n) = \{p : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow (0, \infty] \text{ measurable, bounded away from } 0\}$
- ▶  $\mathbb{R}_{\infty}^n := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : p(x) = \infty\}$
- ▶  $p^- := \operatorname{ess\,inf}_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} p(x)$  and  $p^+ := \operatorname{ess\,sup}_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} p(x)$

### Definition

For  $p \in \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , we define the modular

$$\varrho_{p(\cdot)}(f) := \int_{\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \mathbb{R}_{\infty}^n} |f(x)|^{p(x)} dx + \operatorname{ess\,sup}_{\mathbb{R}_{\infty}^n} |f(x)|$$

and the variable exponent Lebesgue space  $L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  by

$$L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) = \{f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \mid \varrho_{p(\cdot)}(f/\lambda) < \infty, \text{ for some } \lambda > 0\}.$$

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For  $p \in \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , the space  $L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is a quasi-Banach space with the Luxembourg norm

$$\|f\|_{L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)} := \inf \{ \lambda > 0 : \varrho_{p(\cdot)}(f/\lambda) \leq 1 \}.$$

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## Regularity conditions

### Definition

Let  $g \in C(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

(i)  $g$  is *locally log-Hölder continuous*,  $g \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  if

$$\exists c_{\log} > 0 : |g(x) - g(y)| \leq \frac{c_{\log}}{\log(e + 1/|x - y|)}, \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

(ii)  $g$  is *globally log-Hölder continuous*,  $g \in C^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  if  $g \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and

$$\exists g_{\infty} \in \mathbb{R} : |g(x) - g_{\infty}| \leq \frac{c_{\log}}{\log(e + |x|)}, \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

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## Smooth dyadic resolution of unity

► Let  $\varphi_0 \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ :

(i)  $\varphi_0(x) = 1$  if  $|x| \leq 1$

(ii)  $\text{supp } \varphi_0 \subset \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| \leq 2\}$

► We define  $\varphi(x) := \varphi_0(x) - \varphi_0(2x)$  and  $\varphi_j(x) := \varphi(2^{-j}x), \forall j \in \mathbb{N}$ . Then,

$$\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \varphi_j(x) = 1 \quad \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

The sequence  $(\varphi_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0}$  forms a *smooth dyadic resolution of unity*.



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**$F$ -spaces**

$$\|(f_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0} \mid L_{p(\cdot)}(\ell_{q(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n))\| = \left\| \left( \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} |f_j(\cdot)|^{q(\cdot)} \right)^{1/q(\cdot)} \mid L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \right\|$$

 **$B$ -spaces**

(AH10) A. Almeida, P. Hästö, Besov spaces with variable smoothness and integrability.  
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**Modular:**  $\varrho_{\ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)})}((f_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0}) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \inf \left\{ \lambda_j > 0 : \varrho_{p(\cdot)} \left( \frac{f_j}{\lambda_j^{1/q(\cdot)}} \right) \leq 1 \right\}$

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(AH10) **A. Almeida, P. Hästö**, Besov spaces with variable smoothness and integrability.  
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**Modular:**  $\varrho_{\ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)})}((f_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0}) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \inf \left\{ \lambda_j > 0 : \varrho_{p(\cdot)} \left( \frac{f_j}{\lambda_j^{1/q(\cdot)}} \right) \leq 1 \right\}$

**Norm:**  $\| (f_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0} \mid \ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)) \| = \inf \left\{ \mu > 0 : \varrho_{\ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)})} \left( \frac{f_j}{\mu} \right) \leq 1 \right\}$

For  $q^+ < \infty$ :  $\varrho_{\ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)})}((f_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0}) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left\| |f_j|^{q(\cdot)} \mid L_{\frac{p(\cdot)}{q(\cdot)}}(\mathbb{R}^n) \right\|$

## Definition

Let  $s \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $p, q \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Then  $B_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is the collection of all  $f \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$  such that

$$\|f | B_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)\|_{\varphi} := \left\| \left( 2^{js(\cdot)} (\varphi_j \widehat{f})^{\vee} \right)_{j \in \mathbb{N}_0} | \ell_{q(\cdot)}(L_{p(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)) \right\| < \infty.$$

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- ▶ Characterizations by smooth and non-smooth atoms, local means, molecules, ...
- ▶ Sobolev embedding results
- ▶ Pointwise multipliers assertion
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## 1. Introduction

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Variable Lebesgue space

Definition

Properties

## 3. Franke-Jawerth embeddings

Auxiliar results

Main results

## 4. References

## Decomposition of function spaces

### Idea

Represent functions as linear combination of basic functions

$$f \in A_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \iff f = \sum_{\nu=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}^n} \lambda_{\nu m} a_{\nu m}$$

where...

$\lambda_{\nu m} \rightsquigarrow$  elements of the sequence space  $a_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$a_{\nu m} \rightsquigarrow$  building blocks (we chose atoms).

Moreover,

$$\|f | A_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)\| \sim \inf \|\lambda | a_{p(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)\|.$$

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## Sobolev embedding

### Theorem [AH10]

Let  $p_0, p_1, q \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $s_0, s_1 \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Let  $s_0(x) \geq s_1(x)$  and  $p_0(x) \leq p_1(x)$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  with

$$s_0(x) - \frac{n}{p_0(x)} = s_1(x) - \frac{n}{p_1(x)}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

Then we have

$$b_{p_0(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{p_1(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

## Jawerth embedding - sequence spaces

### Theorem

Let  $p_0, p_1, q \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $p_0^+ < \infty$  and  $s_0, s_1 \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Let

$$\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} (s_0(x) - s_1(x)) > 0 \quad \text{with} \quad s_0(x) - \frac{n}{p_0(x)} = s_1(x) - \frac{n}{p_1(x)}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

Then

$$f_{p_0(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{p_1(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

# The proof I

## Conditions

$$\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} (s_0(x) - s_1(x)) > 0 \quad \text{with} \quad s_0(x) - \frac{n}{p_0(x)} = s_1(x) - \frac{n}{p_1(x)}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

1. Let

$$\varepsilon' := \inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} (s_0(x) - s_1(x)) = \inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} n \left( \frac{1}{p_0(x)} - \frac{1}{p_1(x)} \right) > 0.$$

Then,

$$\frac{p_1(x)}{p_0(x)} - 1 = p_1(x) \left( \frac{1}{p_0(x)} - \frac{1}{p_1(x)} \right) \geq p_1^- \frac{\varepsilon'}{n}.$$

For  $\varepsilon = p_1^- \frac{\varepsilon'}{2n} > 0$  we get

$$p_0(x) < (1 + \varepsilon)p_0(x) < p_1(x), \quad \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

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$$f_{p_0(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{p_1(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

2. By a Sobolev embedding, we have

$$b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{\tilde{s}(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{p_1(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

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## The proof III

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$$f_{p_0(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow f_{p_0(\cdot), \infty}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \quad b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{\tilde{s}(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{p_1(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

#### 4. Lifting property:

$$f_{p_0(\cdot), \infty}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{\tilde{s}(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

if, and only if,

$$f_{p_0(\cdot), \infty}^{s_0(\cdot) - \tilde{s}(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^0(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

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## The proof IV

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$$f_{p_0(\cdot), \infty}^{\frac{n}{p_0(\cdot)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon}{1+\varepsilon}}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^0(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

5. Equivalent to prove

$$\|\lambda | b_{(1+\varepsilon)p_0(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^0(\mathbb{R}^n)\| \leq C \|\lambda | f_{p_0(\cdot), \infty}^{\frac{n}{p_0(\cdot)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon}{1+\varepsilon}}(\mathbb{R}^n)\|,$$

for some constant  $C > 0$  and  $\lambda = (\lambda_{j,m})_{j,m}$ , for  $j \in \mathbb{N}_0$ ,  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^n$ .

6. After calculations, we arrive to the constant exponent case, which was already proved.

### Remark

For  $p \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , it holds  $2^{j \frac{1}{p(x)}} \sim 2^{j \frac{1}{p(y)}}$ , for  $|x - y| \leq c 2^{-j}$ .

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## Jawerth embedding - function spaces

### Corollary

Let  $p_0, p_1, q \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $p_0^+, q^+ < \infty$  and  $s_0, s_1 \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Let

$$\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} (s_0(x) - s_1(x)) > 0 \quad \text{with} \quad s_0(x) - \frac{n}{p_0(x)} = s_1(x) - \frac{n}{p_1(x)}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

Then

$$F_{p_0(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow B_{p_1(\cdot), p_0(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

## Franke embedding

### Theorem

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Then

$$b_{p_0(\cdot), p_1(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow f_{p_1(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

### Corollary

Under the same conditions as before and  $q^+ < \infty$ , it holds

$$B_{p_0(\cdot), p_1(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow F_{p_1(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

## Franke embedding

### Theorem

Let  $p_0, p_1, q \in \mathcal{P}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $p_1^+ < \infty$  and  $s_0, s_1 \in C_{\text{loc}}^{\log}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Let

$$\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} (s_0(x) - s_1(x)) > 0 \quad \text{with} \quad s_0(x) - \frac{n}{p_0(x)} = s_1(x) - \frac{n}{p_1(x)}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

Then

$$b_{p_0(\cdot), p_1(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow f_{p_1(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

### Corollary

Under the same conditions as before and  $q^+ < \infty$ , it holds

$$B_{p_0(\cdot), p_1(\cdot)}^{s_0(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n) \hookrightarrow F_{p_1(\cdot), q(\cdot)}^{s_1(\cdot)}(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

## 1. Introduction

## 2. Function spaces with variable exponents

Variable Lebesgue space

Definition

Properties

## 3. Franke-Jawerth embeddings

Auxiliar results

Main results

## 4. References

## References

1. A. Almeida, P. Hästö, Besov spaces with variable smoothness and integrability, *J. Funct. Anal.*, **258**, no. 5, 1628–1655 (2010).
2. H. F. Gonçalves, H. Kempka, J. Vybíral, Franke-Jawerth embeddings for Besov and Triebel-Lizorkin spaces with variable exponents, *Ann. Acad. Sci. Fenn. Math.*, **43**, 1–23 (2018).
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5. O. Kováčik and J. Rákosník, On spaces  $L^{p(x)}$  and  $W^{k,p(x)}$ , *Czechoslovak Math. J.*, **40**(116), no. 4, 592–618 (1991).
6. J. Vybíral, A new proof of the Jawerth-Franke embedding, *Rev. Mat. Complut.*, **21**, 75–82 (2008).

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Thank you for your attention!